

Evidence gap identifier	INEWS 3
Brief title	Clinical effectiveness of modified acute healthcare early warning systems for older adults living with frailty
Report	<u>The Irish National Early Warning System (INEWS)</u>
Date identified	19/02/2018
Identified by	CICER
Supported by	Systematic review
Population	Older adults living with frailty
Intervention	Condition-modified early warning system for older adults living with frailty
Comparator	National Early Warning System (NEWS)
Outcome(s)	Clinical deterioration and outcomes including mortality, cardiac arrest, length of stay, transfer/admission to intensive care or high-dependency units
Setting	Acute healthcare
Study design	Effectiveness studies, development and validation studies
Further information	Further, large scale prospective studies are warranted to develop, validate, and/or examine the effectiveness of condition-modified early warning scores compared to the national early warning score (NEWS).